# Title: Poetic Devices #4 (Welding)

Obje	Objectives												Time frame to Complete											
Students will be able to identify poetic devices in a poem.												45 minutes												
Students will be able to summarize and explain a poem in their own words.																								
											Ν	NRS EFL												
																	4							
Stackable Cert. Documentation	Technology	Study / Life skills	EL-Civics	Career Pathways	Police	Paramedic	Fire Rescue	Medical Asst.	EKG / Cardio	Phlebotomy	Practical Nursing	Healthcare Admin	Pharmacy Tech	IMT	AMT	HVAC	Welding	Other:						
$\times$																	×							
Standard(s) Addressed in Lesson																								
Read with Understanding																								
Benchmark(s) Addressed in Lesson																								
R.4.5. Use context clues (for example, cause and effect and compare and contrast relationships) to determine the																								
meaning of words in texts.																								
R.4.7. Use word relationships (for example, connotation, denotation) to determine word meaning. R.4.8. Understand meaning of some specialized content vocabulary (for example, "constitution").																								
R.4.9. Identify and explain the use of figurative language (for example, hyperboles, personification, mixed																								
metaphor) in text.																								
R.4.13. Analyze literary elements and characteristics that define genres of writing (for example, prose, poetry, drama)																								
drama).																								
Materials																								
"At Work" poem – available from <a href="http://allpoetry.com/poem/203765">http://allpoetry.com/poem/203765</a>																								
Poetic Devices handout																								
Dictionary																								
Learr																								
It is be																								
aware that poetry differs from prose or "academic" writing, explain that it is similar to the difference between an essay and a song. Both communicate a message, but there are significant differences in arrangement, length,																								
and word choice.																								
Activ	ities																							
<u>Step 1</u>	Dis	stribute	e Poet	ic Dev	ices h	ando	out.	Rev	iew	with	stude	ents,	clari	fyin	g or	prov	iding	exa	mple	es as	s nec	essa	ary.	
	<u>Step 2</u> Students read the poem "At Work". Poem available online: <u>http://allpoetry.com/poem/203765</u> . As needed, students may use a dictionary to define any unknown words within the poem.																							
Step 3	Aft	er rea	ding th	ne poe	m, stu	ident	s ide	entify	y fou	r poe	etic d	evice	es in	the	poe	m. S	Stude	ents :	shou	uld c	opy t	he		

examples, label each device, and explain the meanings and/or how each device contributes to the meaning of the poem.

<u>Step 4</u> Students share and discuss their examples.

## Assessment/Evidence

Correct identification and explanation of poetic devices within the poem. Class discussion.

## Adaptations for Beginning Students

Beginning students may work with a partner and/or explain fewer (two) examples of poetic devices.

Adaptations for Advanced Students

# Teacher Reflection/Lesson Evaluation

This lesson was created by Middletown ABLE.

#### **Poetic Devices**

Poetry is a means of expressing one's ideas, emotions, or opinions. Often, the only tool an author has for creating his work is words. In poetry, the message is communicated through word choice, arrangement, sound, and rhythm. Poetry is not required to follow the same rules as prose writing, and so standard conventions such as capitalization and punctuation are choices that contribute to the form and meaning of the poem.

Poetic devices are ways in which words can be used and arranged to communicate a specific feeling or meaning. Common poetic devices are listed below:

- o **alliteration** intentional repetition of a consonant sound
- o **allusion** a reference to a person, place, or event of which most people are aware
- o assonance intentional repetition of a vowel sound
- o hyperbole an exaggeration or overstatement
- o imagery words, phrases, or details that appeal to the senses
- o **internal rhyme** the use of rhyme within one line of poetry
- o **metaphor** comparison of unlike things without using *like* or *as* (e.g. stating one thing *is* another)
- o meter rhythm or pattern of stressed and unstressed syllables
- o onomatopoeia a word that imitates a sound
- o personification giving human characteristics to the non-living
- o repetition the re-use or repeating of words, phrases, lines, or stanzas
- o rhyme the similarity of ending sounds in two words
- o rhyme scheme the pattern by which lines of poetry are grouped
- o simile comparison of unlike things using like or as
- stanza grouping of two or more lines of poetry by length, rhythm, rhyme, and/or idea (also called a verse)
- o symbol an object or action that represents something other than its literal meaning

# Read the selected poem two times.

- 1. In the first reading, concentrate on understanding the poem.
  - a. Look up unfamiliar vocabulary words.

b. Think about what message the poet is communicating. What idea or feeling are you left with after reading the poem?

- 2. As you reread the poem, look for <u>four</u> examples of poetic devices. For each example, write the following:
  - a. Type of poetic device
  - b. Copy the line (or lines) in which it occurs.
  - c. What does it mean OR what effect does it have on the poem?

Example #2

Example #3

Example #4